Education the Key to Reshaping the Nation

Vladimir Lenin, the Russian revolutionary and politician who played a key role in the Bolshevik Revolution and the establishment of the Soviet Union emphasized the importance of education and the influence of children in shaping the future.

Adolf Hitler and the Nazi Party sought to control education and the youth movement in Germany as part of their broader strategy to shape and indoctrinate the minds of young people, ensuring their loyalty to Nazi ideology and securing the future of the Nazi regime. Schools were used as platforms for spreading Nazi doctrines, racial theories, and anti-Semitic ideas. Teachers were required to be members of the Nazi Teachers League and adhere to Nazi principles. The Nazi regime aimed to reshape German society according to its racial and ideological ideals.

Sound familiar?

The process of indoctrination of our school children did not start with Biden. It only accelerated, coming out from under the covers into the open.

As history has shown us, the doctrine is to shape and indoctrinate the minds of young people to assure the future of a compliant population as the nation moves towards a divided class of subservient voters and an elitist central government.

The strategy is to focus on equity, sex, climate warming and inclusion over academic learning with the objective of developing a dumbed down, shaped and indoctrinated future voter. In fact in some cases children were told not to tell their parents what is going on at school.

Parents were told that the educators know best what is good for their children. Busy parents focused on work and providing for their families are not paying attention to the text books that the children are reading nor are they in tune with the unapproved books that teachers are freely reading to their children.

By deemphasizing basic education in favor of ideology they are developing uneducated voters susceptible to manipulation and propaganda. Political leaders who want to maintain power find it easier to shape the opinions of uneducated individuals, influencing them to support certain policies or candidates without critically evaluating the information provided.

Uneducated voters may be less likely to question existing power structures or challenge the policies implemented by the ruling elite. Leaders who benefit from maintaining the current social, economic, or political order prefer to have voters who are less informed and less likely to demand change or participate in civic engagement.

When voters lack education, they have limited understanding of complex policy issues, making it easier for the elite to avoid accountability for their actions. Leaders may exploit this by making decisions that serve their own interests rather than the public good, knowing that uneducated voters may have difficulty discerning the consequences or evaluating their performance.

Uneducated voters are more susceptible to populist appeals and simplistic solutions to complex problems. Leaders who employ populist rhetoric and promise quick fixes can gain support from uneducated individuals who do not have the knowledge or critical thinking skills to question the feasibility or potential drawbacks of such proposals.

By keeping a significant portion of the population uneducated, leaders can undermine opposition movements or political challengers. Uneducated voters are less likely to organize, articulate their concerns, or effectively challenge the ruling party, which can help the **incumbent leaders maintain their power**.

It is important to emphasize that an educated and well-informed electorate is crucial for the functioning of a healthy democracy. Informed citizens are more likely to make sound decisions, hold leaders accountable, and actively participate in shaping the future of their country.